



WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY
B.Sc. Honours 5th Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

STSACOR11T-STATISTICS (CC11)

STOCHASTIC PROCESS AND TIME SERIES

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
All symbols are of usual significance.*

Answer any four questions from question numbers 1-6 and any two questions from question numbers 7-10

GROUP-A

Answer any four questions from the following

5×4 = 20

1. Explain Slutsky-Yule effect. 5
2. Describe the exponential smoothing technique for forecasting. 5
3. Estimate the parameters of an AR(2) process using the Yule-Walker equations. 5
4. For the Markov Scheme $u_t = \rho u_{t-1} + e_t$, show that under appropriate assumptions, $\rho_k = \rho^k$ where the notations have their usual significance. 5
5. Discuss the ratio to trend method to measure the seasonal fluctuations. 5
6. Describe the moving average method of trend fitting. What would be the effect on the moving average series if the original series undergo a base and scale change? 5

GROUP-B

Answer any two questions from the following

10×2 = 20

7. (a) Define stochastic process with an example. 2
- (b) When a stochastic process is said to be stationary? 2
- (c) When a stochastic process is called a Markov chain? 2

- (d) Suppose that the probability of a dry day (state 0) following a rainy day (state 1) is $1/3$ and that the probability of a rainy day following a dry day is $1/2$. Find the probability that May 3 is a dry day given that May 1 is a dry day and also find the probability that May 5 is a dry day given that May 1 is a dry day. 4
8. (a) What do you mean by the ‘trend component’ of a time series data? 2
- (b) How one can determine trend by fitting a polynomial of appropriate degree? 4
- (c) Discuss the variate difference method for determining the order of the polynomial to be fitted. 4
9. (a) Let $\{Z_t\}$ be a discrete, purely random process such that $E(Z_t) = 0$, $V(Z_t) = \sigma_z^2$. Find the values of the constants λ_1 and λ_2 such that the second order autoregressive process defined by $X_t = \lambda_1 X_{t-1} + \lambda_2 X_{t-2} + Z_t$ is stationary. 5
- (b) For the problem in (a) if $\lambda_1 = 1/3$ and $\lambda_2 = 2/3$, show that the autocorrelation function of X_t is given by 5
- $$P(k) = \frac{16}{21} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{|k|} + \frac{5}{21} \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^{|k|}, \quad k = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$$
- 10.(a) Write down a moving average process of order 2(MA(2)). Is this process stationary? 1+3
- (b) Define autocorrelation function. Derive the autocorrelation function of a MA(2) process. 1+2
- (c) What is a correlogram? Discuss how the correlogram of a MA(2) process would look like. 1+2

N.B. : *Students have to complete submission of their Answer Scripts through E-mail / Whatsapp to their own respective colleges on the same day / date of examination within 1 hour after end of exam. University / College authorities will not be held responsible for wrong submission (at in proper address). Students are strongly advised not to submit multiple copies of the same answer script.*

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